## ABSTRACT

The present invention provides an optical wavelength-division multiple access system and a corresponding optical network unit. A wavelength band 5 Da (wavelengths  $\lambda d1$  to  $\lambda dn$ ) for downlink optical signals corresponding to the n ONUs, a wavelength band Ua (wavelengths  $\lambda u1$  to  $\lambda un$ ) for uplink optical signals corresponding to the n ONUs, a wavelength band Db 10 (wavelengths  $\lambda dn+1$  to  $\lambda dn+m$ ) for downlink optical signals corresponding to the m ONUs, and a wavelength band Ub (wavelengths  $\lambda un+1$  to  $\lambda un+m$ ) for uplink optical signals corresponding to the m ONUs are set different from one another, the wavelength bands Ua and Ub are set adjacent to each other, and the wavelength bands 15 Ua and Da or the wavelength bands Ub and Db are set adjacent to each other. Each of the ONUs has downlink optical signal receiving unit for receiving a downlink optical signal of one of the wavelengths  $\lambda d1$  to  $\lambda dn+m$ 20 in the wavelength bands Da and Db which wavelength is assigned to the ONU, and uplink optical signal receiving unit for receiving an uplink optical signal of one of the wavelengths  $\lambda u1$  to  $\lambda un+m$  in the wavelength bands Ua and Ub which wavelength is assigned to the ONU or an uplink optical signal within 25 a broad band including the wavelength bands Ua and Ub.